

Revision Date:	05/12	Print Date:	08/30/12	
Version 2.0		MSDS Identification:	4300FS - Part A	Aromatic Isocyanate, Urethane Hardener

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name :	4300FS - Part A
Product Use Description :	Aromatic Isocyanate, Urethane Hardener
Company :	Protective Floorings and Linings A Division of Milamar Coatings, LLC 311 N.W. 122nd St, Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73114
Telephone :	405-755-8448
Emergency Telephone Number:	ChemTel 800-255-3924 or 813-248-0585 (International)

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Concentration (Weight)
4,4'-Diphenylmethant Diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	> 32%
Higher oligomers of MDI	9016-87-9	36% - 46%
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	26447-40-5	24% - 34%

Chemical Family: Aromatic Isocyanate

3. HAZARDS INFORMATION

Emergency Overview

WARNING! May Cause Eye, Skin, And Respiratory Tract Irritation. Harmful If Inhaled. May Cause Allergic Respiratory Reaction. May Cause Allergic Skin Reaction. May Cause Lung Damage. Toxic Gasses / Fumes Are Given Off During Burning Or Thermal Decomposition.

Potential Health Effects

Route(s) Of Entry

- Skin : Contact from liquid and aerosols (spray application).
- Inhalation : Although MDI is low in volatility, and inhalation hazard can exist from MDI aerosols or vapors formed during heating, foaming, spraying or otherwise aerosolizing the material in an inadequately ventilated environment.

Human Effects And Symptoms Of Overexposure

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	Acute Inhalatio	n	:	mucous membranes in the res sore throat, coughing, chest di (breathing obstruction). Perso reactivity can respond to conce as asthma attack. Exposure w spasm and pulmonary edema Chemical or hypersensitive pn	rations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) piratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, scomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function ns with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper- entrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well vell above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. eumonitits, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills) has mptoms can be delayed up to several hours after
	Chronic Inhalat	lion	:	individuals develop Isocyanate to react to a later exposure to I symptoms, which can include of or asthma attack, could be imm Similar to many non-specific a sensitized, an individual can ex- air or other irritants. This incre- severe cases for several years reported to cause lung damage	ed overexposures or a single large dose, certain e sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them lsocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath nediate or delayed (up to several hours after exposure). sthmatic responses, there are reports that once xperience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold eased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in s. Overexposure to Isocyanate has also been e (including decrease in lung function) which may be either be temporary or permanent.
	Acute Skin Cor	ntact	:		ein and moisture and can cause irritation which may s: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured
	Chronic Skin C	ontact	:	cases, skin sensitization. Indix symptom from contact with liqu sensitization can result from sk	Reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and in some viduals who have skin sensitization can develop these uid or vapors. Animal tests have indicated that respiratory kin contact with MDI. This data reinforces the need to m MDI. (See Toxicological Information,
	Acute Eye Con	tact	:	swelling. If left untreated, corn	irritating and can cause tearing, reddening and leal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. eversible. See First Aid Measures for treatment.
	Chronic Eye Co	ontact	:	None Found	
	Acute Ingestior	1	:		osive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and
	Chronic Ingesti	on	:	None Found	
	Carcinogenicity	1	:	as carcinogens.	I are listed by the NTP, IARC or regulated by OSHA
	NTP		:	Not listed	
	IARC		:	Not listed	
	OSHA Other		:	Not Regulated	ion study in Toyicological Information Cordination
	UTIEI		·	See results of two year innalat	ion study in Toxicological Information, Carcinogenicity.

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	Aggravated Med	lical Condition			
		Aggregated By		Asthma, other respiratory disc hyper reactivity). Skin allergio	orders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial, es, eczema.
4. FIRST AID) MEASURES				
	Eye Contact				f water, preferably, lukewarm water for at least 15 n all the time. Refer individual to physician or e follow-up.
	Skin Contact			Wash contaminated clothing tunder safety shower after ren	ng. Wash affected skin thoroughly with soap and water. thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get noving clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser ention if irritation develops or persists after the area is
	Inhalation			respiration as needed. Obtain	k of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial n medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may ate or delayed up to several hours. Consult a physician
	Ingestion				G. Wash mouth out with water. DO NOT GIVE ANY- INCONSCIOUS PERSON. Consult a physician.
	Note To Physicia	an		preparation frequently. Work epithelial edema impairing vis Treat symptomatically as for thermal burns. If burned, trea MDI has a very low oral toxici contraindicated because of th compound is a known pulmor	orneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid place vapors have produced reversible corneal sion. Skin: This compound is a known skin sensitizer. contact dermatitis or thermal burns. If burned, treat as at as thermal burn. Ingestion: Treat symptomatically. ity. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is ne irritating nature of this compound. Respiratory: This nary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should o any Isocyanate.
5. FIRE-FIGH	HTING MEASL	JRES			
	Flash Point		:	428.0 Degrees F, (220.0 Deg	rees C)
	Flammable Limit		e Limit UEL (%) :	not established	

Flammable Lir	Upper Explosive Limit UEL (%) Lower Explosive Limit LEL (%)		not established not established	
Auto-ignition Temperature :		:	Greater than 752 degrees F (400 degrees C) - DIN 51794.	
Extinguishing Media :		:	Dry Chemical; Carbon Dioxide; Foam; Water spray for large fires.	
Special Fire F	ighting Procedures	:	Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing should be worn by firefighters. During a fire, MDI vapors and other irritating,	

Material S	Safety Data S	Sheet			
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				Reactivity and Stability Section degrees C), polymeric MDI ca	nerated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See n). At temperatures greater than 400 degrees F (204 n polymerize and decompose which can cause intainers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, osed containers.
6. ACCIDEN	TAL RELEASE N	MEASURE	S		
	Spill Or Leak Proce	edures	:	protective equipment including protection recommendations). blanket of protein foam (availa spill. Large quantities may be disposal. Minor Spill: Absorb into suitable unsealed contain with neutralizing solution: mixt TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90% Add about 10 parts neutralizer uncovered for 48 hours to let (rea; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full g respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See employee If temporary control of Isocyanate vapor is required, a able at most fire departments) may be placed over the pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for Isocyanates with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel ers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treal ture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol 6), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%) r per part of Isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand CO2 escape. Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with ng stand for at least 15 minutes.
7. HANDLING	G AND STORAG	ĴΕ			
	Storage Temperatu	ure (MIN / MA	AX) :	Not Established - similar mate (30 degrees C).	rial 64 degrees F (18 degrees C) / 86 degrees F
	Shelf Life		:	Not Established - similar mate	rial 6 months minimum.
	Special Sensitivity		:		heat, 400 F (204 degrees C) it can be pressurized and slowly with water to form CO2 gas. This gas can cause and possibly rupture.
	Handling And Stora	age Precautio	ons :	contamination is suspected. A aerosols or vapors. Warning p are not adequate to prevent ct produce asthmatic sensitization high concentration or upon rep Exposure to vapors of heated	ers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) hronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can on upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively peated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. MDI can be dangerous. Employee education and andling of this compound are required under the OSHA lard.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection Requirements	:	Chemical goggles should be used in a splash hazard environment. For additional protection, chemical goggles should be used in combination with a full face shield.
Skin Protection Requirements	:	Permeation resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PAVE degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as

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		possible with appropriate clothing the cream to a minimum.	J. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered by
Ventilation Requirements	:	heated, sprayed, or aerosolized.	maintain levels below the TLV whenever MDI is Standard reference sources regarding industria Ventilation Manual) should be consulted for ion.
Respirator Requirements	:	PEL-C (PEL) can occur in inadeq sprayed, aerosolized, or heated. The type of respiratory protection in OSHA's Respiratory Protection respirator such as a self-container respirator (SAR) in the positive pr purifying respirator (APR). If an A (1) (a) the cartridge must be equip certified by NIOSH, or (1) (b) a ch or data that will ensure that the ca service life, must be developed an schedule must be described in the MDI concentration must be no gree	ater than the ACGIH TLV-TWA (TLV) or OSHA juately ventilated environments when MDI is In such cases, respiratory protection must be worn. selected must comply with the requirements set forth a available includes (1) an atmosphere supplying d breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a supplied air ressure or continuous flow mode, or (2) an air- APR is selected, the following conditions must be met: pped with an end-of-service life indicator (ESLI) nange out schedule, bases on objective information artridges are changed out before the end of their nd implemented. The basis for the change out e written respirator program, and (2) the airborne eater than 10 times the TLV or PEL. The in organic vapor / HEPA combination cartridge
Monitoring	:	exists, e.g., when the product is s airborne Isocyanate in the breath	uld be measured when the potential for overexposure sprayed, aerosolized or heated. Monitoring of ing zone of individuals should become part of the program. Sampling and analytical methods have A, PF&L, and others.
Medical Surveillance	÷	is recommended. These should i examinations with pulmonary fund adult asthma, respiratory allergies Isocyanate sensitization, or lack c	tees who handle or come in contact with Isocyanates include preemployment and periodic medical ction tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). History of s such as hay fever, eczma, history of prior of smell (anosmia) are possible reasons for medical Once a person is accurately diagnosed as irther exposure can be permitted.
Additional Protective Measures	:		tions should be available. Educate and train . Follow all label instructions. For additional afety Department.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	:	Liquid
Color	:	Dark Brown to Black
Odor	:	Slightly Musty Odor
Odor Threshold	:	Not Established

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рН		:	Not Established	
Boiling Point		:	406 degrees F (208 degrees (C) at 5 mm Hg for MDI.
Melting / Freezing P	Point	:	Below 32 degrees F (0 degree	es C) for MDI.
Viscosity		:	Approx. 90 mPa.s @ 77 degre	ees F (25 degrees C).
Solubility In Water		:	Not Soluble. Reacts slowly w	ith water to liberate CO2 gas.
Specific Gravity		:	1.24 @ 77 degrees F (25 deg	rees C).
Bulk Density		:	10.3 lbs/gal.	
% Volatile By Volum	ne	:	Negligible	
Vapor Pressure		:	Less than 0.00001 mm Hg @	77 degrees F (25 degrees C) for MDI.
Vapor Density		:	8.5 (MDI) (Air =1).	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Hazardous Polymerization	:	May occur; Contact moisture, other materials which react with Isocyanates, or temperatures above 400 degrees F (204 degrees C), may cause polymerization.
Incompatibles	:	Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum.
Instability Conditions	:	Contamination with water and high temperatures (above 400 degrees F (204 degrees C)).
Decomposition Products	:	By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, MDI vapors or aerosols.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

To	oxicity Data For	:	Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (Monomeric and Polymeric)
Ac	cute Toxicity Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Inhalation LC50	:	Greater than 10,000 mg/kg (Rat). Greater than 6,200 mg/kg (Rabbit). The 4-hour LC50 for polymeric MDI in rats ranges from 370 to 490 mg/m3. The 4-hour LC50 for monomeric MDI in rats was estimated to be between 172 and 187 mg/m3. The 1-hour LC50 for monomeric MDI aerosol was greater than 2240 mg/m3 (Rat).
	Eye Effects Skin Effects	:	Slight to moderate irritation (Rabbit). Slight to moderate irritation (Rabbit).

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S	Sensitization	:	Evidence of respiratory sensiti	ice dermal sensitization in laboratory animals. Ization has also been observed in guinea pigs. In ce suggestive of cross-sensitization between e.			
Chronic Toxicity		:	In combined chronic inhalation toxicity / oncoenicity study, rats were exposed to an aerosol of polymeric MDI for 6 hours per day, 5 days per week for one or twc years. The exposure concentrations were 0, 0.2, 1.0 and 6.0 mg/m3. Microscopic examination of tissues revealed the effects of irritation to the nasal cavity and lungs in animals exposed to 1.0 and 6.0 mg / m3. The No Observable Effects Level (NOEL) was 0.2 mg / m3.				
Carcinogenicity		:	adenocarcinoma as considere	(See Chronic Toxicity), the occurrence of pulmonary d to be related to MDI. These tumors were observed h concentration of 6.9 mg / m3.			
Mutagenicity	Mutagenicity			ne test with metabolic activation; cell transformation assay) mphoma specific locus mutation test with or without ave been observed "in vitro". The use of certain ze MDI is suspected of producing mutagenicity in some gative in an "in vitro" (mouse micronucleus) assay.			
Developmental To	Developmental Toxicity			ric MDI at air concentrations of 0, 1, 4 and 12 mg/m3 n. Maternal Toxicity (including mortality) was observed f 12 mg/m3 accompanied by embryo and fetal toxicity. ts were observed even at this lethal concentration.			
12. ECOLOGICAL INFORM	ATION						
Ecology Data For		:	Dephenylmethane Diisocyana	te (Monomeric and Polymeric).			
Ą	quatic Toxicit	y :		than 500 mg/liter for Daphnia magna, Limnea Stagnalis erio) for both polymeric and monomeric MDI.			
F	ish Toxicity	:	LC0 = Greater than 1000 mg/1	1; Test species: Brachydanio rerio; Duration of test: 96hr.			
Ir	nhibition Bacte	eria :	EC50 = Greater than 100 mg/l of test: 3 hours.	; Tested on activated sludge microorganism. Duration			
13. DISPOSAL CONSIDER	ATIONS						
Waste Disposal Method			Waste must be disposed of in control regulations. Incineration	accordance with federal, state, and local environmental on is the preferred method.			

Empty Container Precautions : Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residur. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Fire Fighting Measures with Stability and Reactivity). Gases may be highly toxic.

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14. TRANSPO	ORT INFORM	/ ATION							
	Technical Shipp	bing Name		:	Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate				
	Freight Class B	ulk		:	Methylene diphenyl diisocyanate				
	Freight Class P	ackage		:	Chemicals, NOI (Isocyanate), NMFC 60000				
	Product Label			:	Product Label Established				
	DOT	Proper Shipping	g Name	:	Other Regulated Substances, Lic	quid, N.O.S. (*See Note Below)			
			* When in indiv	vidual o	containers of less than the RQ	, this material ships as non-regulated.			
		Hazard Class C	r Division	:	9				
		UN / NA Numbe	er	:	NA3082				
		Packing Group		:	Ш				
		Hazardous Sub	stance	:	MDI, (Methylene diphenyl diisocy	yanate)			
		DOT Product R	Q lbs (kgs)	:	15625 lbs (7087.5 kgs)				
		Hazard Label(s)	:	Class 9				
		Hazard Placard	(S)	:	Class 9				
		Hazard Class D	vivision Number	:	not regulated, (IMO / IMDG Code	e (Ocean)).			
		Hazard Class D	ivision Number		not regulated, (IACO / IATA (Air)).			

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA	Status	:	This product is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA S	Status	:	On TSCA Inventory.
CERCL	A Reportable Quantity	:	5000 lbs for 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, CAS# 101-68-8.
SARA	Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances	:	None
	Section 311 / 312 Hazard Categories	:	Immediate Health Hazard; Delayed Health Hazard
	Section 313 Toxic Chemicals	:	Polymeric Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, CAS# 9016-87-9, 100% Contained in this polymeric MDI product is 4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyante,

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RC	RA Status	:	meet the criteria of hazardous v under RCRA, it is the responsib disposal, whether a product me because product uses, transfor resulting material hazardous, u	is waste. To the best of our knowledge, MDI does not waste if discarded in its purchased form. However, bility of the user of products to determine, at the time of eets any of the criteria for a hazardous waste. This is mations, mixtures, processes, etc., may render the inder the criteria of ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity er the new Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedure

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the MSDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency ir your state.

Component Name	CAS Number	Concentration	State Code
4,4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8		PA1, PA4, FL, IL, MA, RI, NJ1, NJ4, CN2
Higher Oligomers of MDI	9016-87-9	36% - 46%	PA3, NJ4
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	26447-40-5	24% - 34%	PA3, NJ4
Phenyl Isocyanate	103-71-9	Trace - ppm	MA

FL	=	Florida Substance List
IL	=	Illinois Toxic Substances List
MA	=	Massachusetts Hazardous Substance List
NJ1	=	New Jersey Hazardous Substance List
nNJ4	=	New Jersey Other - included in 5 predominant ingredients > 1%
PA1	=	Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List
PA3	=	Pennsylvania Non-Hazardous present at 3% or greater.
PA4	=	Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List.
RI	=	Rhode Island List of Designated Substances.
CN2	=	Canada WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List over 0.1%.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA 704M Ratings							
	Health	:	2				
	Flammability	:	1				
	Physical Hazard	:	1				
HMIS Ratings							
	Health	:	2*				
	Flammability	:	1				

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F	Physical Haz	zard :	1		
0 = Minimal, 1	= Slight,	2 = Moderate, 3 = High	i, 4 = Extreme, * =	Chronic.	
Prepared By		:	Protective Floorings and I	inings. EH&S Product Safety Department	