MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I

DATE OF PREPARATION

June 2011

PRODUCT NAME: ICO Ure Guard 100, Part A

PRODUCT CLASS Polyurethane Coating

PRODUCT TYPE Polyol
D.O.T. CATEGORY: Non-regulated

ADDRESS: International Coatings

Div. of Milamar Coatings, L.L.C. 311 N.W. 122nd St. Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73114

TELEPHONE: 405-755-8448

EMERGENCY: CHEM TEL 800-255-3924

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

HMIS RATING Health – 1, Flammability – 1, Reactivity - 0

Listed below are the hazardous component(s) as defined in 49 CFR 172 and 29 CFR 1910 which are present in this product and all components which appear on the hazardous substance list of any state:

NONE

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

PHYSICAL STATE: Clear, light liquid
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.98 at 77°F

DENSITY: 8.6 lbs./gal at 77°F

ODOR: Very slight
VAPOR PRESSURE: None Determined
PERCENT VOLATILES: 0% at 70°F
SOLUBILITY: Negligible
pH: NA

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 325° F (Setaflash Closed Cup)

LFL: None Determined UFL: None Determined

Extinguishing Media: CO₂, Dry Chemical, Alcohol, Foam

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:Evacuate area. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Can release toxic vapors in fire. Material will burn but does not ignite readily. Avoid high temperature > 480°F, as irritating and dense fumes can result.

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Permissible Exposure Level none established

EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE

INHALATION May cause respiratory irritation if have long-term exposure. Short term exposure not expected to result

in any adverse reaction.

EYES Eye contact may cause irritation.

SKIN May be moderately irritating to the skin. Repeated contact may cause sensitization and/or dermatitis.

INGESTION Not toxic

FIRST AID

EYES Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION if irritation or other symptoms

appear.

SKIN Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing

before re-use. GET MEDICAL ATTENETIONif effects such as swelling or reddening occur.

INHALATION No specific treatment necessary as material not hazardous. If exposed to excessive levels, remove to

fresh air and get medical attention if cough or other symptoms develop.

INGESTION GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY Do not induce vomiting unless directed by physician.

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal storage conditions.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Avoid bringing into contact with strong oxidizing agents. **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** CO, CO₂, and dense smoke

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURE

STEPS TO TAKE IF SPILLED: Absorb spill with inert material. Place in approved waste container.

WASTE DISPOSAL: This product if disposed as shipped is not a hazardous substance and can be disposed of in a sanitary

landfill or by controlled incineration in accordance with all federal, state and

local ordnances.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PRECAUTION INFORMATION

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS: Local, unless applied in confined space or by spray apparatus in which case

proper respiratory equipment(see below) is required.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT RECOMMENDED FOR NORMAL USE CONDITIONS:

EYE PROTECTION: Chemical goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION: Rubber or plastic gloves.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Respirator with NIOSH-approved cartridges.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

- 1. Prolonged, repeated contact may cause irritation in some people.
- 2. Contact with eyes may cause some irritation.
- 3. Single exposure to vapor or mist unlikely to be hazardous.
- 4. No long term health effects known
- 5. Store in a cool, dry location; preferred storage temp range: 60-80°F.

SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMSIS CLASSIFICATION: Non-regulated

THE INFORMATION HEREIN RELATES TO THE PRODUCT NAMED AND IS BASED UPON INFORMATION INTERNATIONAL COATINGS CONSIDERS TO BE ACCURATE. NO WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED IS INTENDED.

SECTION I

DATE OF PREPARATION

June 2011

PRODUCT NAME: ICO Ureguard 100, Part B

PRODUCT CLASS: Aliphatic Polyisocyanate

PRODUCT TYPE: Polymeric Hexameyhylene Diisocyanate

D.O.T. CATEGORY: UN 3082 Environmentally Hazardous Substances, liquid, N.O.S. (Homopolymer of

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate) 9 PG III

ADDRESS: International Coatings

Div. of Milamar Coatings, L.L.C. 311 N.W. 122nd St. Suite 100 Oklahoma City, OK 73114

TELEPHONE: 405-755-8448

EMERGENCY: CHEM TEL 800-255-3924

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

NFPA RATING: Health - 2, Flammability - 1, Reactivity - 1

Listed below are the hazardous component(s) as defined in 49 CFR 172 and 29 CFR 1910 which are present in this product and all components which appear on the hazardous substance list of any state:

Homopolymer of Hexamethylene Diisocyanate >95% CAS 28182-81-2 Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (HDI) >0.3% CAS 822-06-0

SECTION III - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Physical Form: Liquid

Color: Clear/Pale Yellow

Odor: Negligible

Molecular Weight: Approx. 500 (polyisocyanate)

Boiling Point:N.A., Decomposition **Melting/Freezing Point:**Approx – 74°F

Solubility in Water: Resin is insoluble - reacts slowly with water to liberate CO2 gas.

Specific Gravity: 1.14 @ 68 ° F (20 ° C)

Bulk Density: 9.5 lbs/gal

Vapor Pressure: HDI Polyisocyanate: 1.8 x 10-5 @ 68 °F

pH 10-11

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: >350°F

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry Chemical: Carbon Dioxide; Foam; Water spray for large fires.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing should be worn by firefighters. During a fire, HDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Closed container may explode when exposed to extreme heat or burst when contaminated with water (CO₂ evolved).

SECTION V - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: May occur; Contact with moisture or other materials which react

INCOMPATIBILITIES: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols, copper alloys, aluminum

INSTABILITY CONDITIONS: None known to ICO

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: By high heat and fire: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxides of Nitrogen, dense black smoke, HCN, Isocyanate, Isocyanic Acid.

SECTION VI - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

ACUTE: Diisocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the exposure limits can cause burning sensation in respiratory tract and cause breathing difficulty.

CHRONIC: As a result of previous repeated over exposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV or MGL. These breath or asthmatic attack could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage, including decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Sensitization may be either temporary or permanent.

SKIN: Isocyanate reacst with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation. Symptoms of skin irritation may be reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Some persons may develop skin sensitization from skin contact. Cured material is difficult to remove. Prolonged contact with the isocyanate can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed a skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or even as a result of vapor-only exposure.

ACUTE EYE CONTACT: Liquid, aerosol and vapors of this product are irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling accompanied by a stinging sensation and/or a feeling like that of fine dust in the eyes.

CHRONIC EYE CONTACT: May result in conjunctivitis

ACUTE INGESTION: Can result in irritation and possible corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. **CARCINOGENICITY:** NTP, Not listed, IARC: Not listed, OSHA: Not regulated.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS: AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE Asthma and other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, hyperactivity,), skin allergies, eczema.

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Time Weighted Average(TWA): 0.5mg/cu meter

Short Term Exposure Limits(STEL): 1.0 mg/cu meter in 15 min

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

EYES: Flush with clean, lukewarm water (low pressure) for at least 15 minutes, while lifting eyelids. Refer individual to physician or ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

INHALATION: Move to an area free from risk of further exposure. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain medical attention. Asthmatic-type symptoms may develop and may be immediate or delayed up to several hours. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. Consult physician.

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give 1 to 2 cups of water to drink. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Consult physician.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Eyes: Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic/steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors could produce reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision.

Skin: This product is known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of the product. Inhalation: This product is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is sensitization reaction to this material must be removed from any further exposure to any isocyanate.

SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:

Evacuate nonessential personnel. Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Notify appropriate authorities if necessary. Put on personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Dike or impound spilled material and control further spillage if feasible. Cover spill with sawdust, vermiculite, Fuller's earth or other absorbent material. Pour decontamination solution over spill area and allow to react for at least 10 minutes. Collect material in open containers and add further amounts of decontamination solution. Remove containers to a safe place, cover loosely, and allow to stand for 24 to 48 hours. Wash down spill area with decontamination solutions. Decontamination solutions: nonionic surfactant Union Carbide's Tergitol TMN-10 (20%) and water (80%): concentrated ammonia (3-8%), detergent (2%) and water (90-95%).

STORAGE TEMPERATURE (MIN/MAX): -30°F (-34°C) /122°F (50°C)

SHELF LIFE: 6 months at 77°F (25°C) after receipt of material by customer.

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY: If container is exposed to high heat, it can be pressurized and possibly rupture explosively. HDI reacts slowly with water to form CO₂ gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture explosively.

HANDLING/STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. At maximum storage temperatures noted, material may slowly polymerize without hazard. Ideal storage temperature range for ease of handling is 50-81°F (10-27°C). Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Employee education and training in the safe use and handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: This product, if disposed, meets EPA criteria of a hazardous waste as specified in 40CFR 261 on the basis of its corrosivity and as such must be disposed of in a hazardous waste facility in accordance with applicable laws. Do Not Heat or Cut Empty Container With Electric or Gas Torch.

SECTION VIII - PERSONAL PROTECTION

REOUIRED WORK/HYGIENE PROCEDURES:

Precautions must be taken so that persons handling this product do not allow contact with the eyes or skin. In spray operations, protection must be afforded against exposure to both vapor and spray mist.

SKIN PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS:

Permeation resistant gloves. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area protected only by the cream to a minimum.

VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS: For non-spray applications at ambient conditions, local ventilation is adequate. If spray applied, applied at elevated temperatures, or applied in a confined space, then proper respiratory equipment required (see below).

RESPIRATOR REQUIREMENTS

A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in isocyanate-containing environments (air-purifying or fresh air-supplied) may be necessary for spray applications or other situations such as high temperature use which may produce inhalation exposures. A supplied -air respirator (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) is recommended. Before an air-purifying respirator can be used, air monitoring must be performed to measure airborne concentrations of HDI monomer and HDI polyisocyanate. Specific conditions under which air-purifying respirators can be used are outlined in the following sections. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

SPRAY APPLICATION:

A good industrial hygiene practice dictates that when isocyanate-based coatings are spray applied, some from of respiratory protection should be worn. During the spray application of coatings containing this product, the use of a supplied-air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE or MORE of the following conditions exists.

- the airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known; or
- the airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8hour TWA exposure limit); or
- operation sare performed in a confined space (See OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146).

A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing spray paint environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met:

- the airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations are known to be below 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times 8 hour TWA exposure limit); and
- the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits and
- a NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

NON-SPRAY OPERATIONS:

- a. During non-spray operations such as mixing, batch-making, brush or roller application, etc., at elevated temperatures (for example, heating of material or application to a hot substrate), it is possible to be exposed to airborne isocyanate vapors. Therefore, when the coatings system will be applied in a non-spray manner, a supplied-air (either positive pressure or continuous flow-type) respirator is mandatory when ONE or MORE of the following conditions exists:
- the airborne isocyanate concentrations are not known; or
- the airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations exceed 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit); or
- the airborne polyisocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations exceed 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minute STEL exposure limits); or -operations are performed in a confined space (see OSHA Confined Space Standard, 29 CFR 1910.146).

A properly fitted air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate respirator, proven by test to be effective in isocyante-containing paint environments, and used in accordance with all recommendations made by the manufacturer, can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met:

- the airborne concentrations of the isocyanate monomer are below 0.05 ppm averaged over eight (8) hours (10 times the 8 hour TWA exposure limit); and
- the airborne polysiocyanate (polymeric, oligomeric) concentrations are known to be below 5 mg/m3 averaged over eight (8) hours or 10 mg/m3 averaged over 15 minutes (10 times the 8 hour TWA or the 15 minutes STEL exposure limits) and
- a NIOSH-certified End of Service Life Indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data is used to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

MONITORING:

Refer to Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology-Volume 1 (3^{rd} edition) Chapter 17 and volume III (1^{st} edition) Chapter 3-for guidance concerning appropriate air sampling strategy to determined airborne concentrations of isocyanates and solvent.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE:

Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with this product is recommended. This should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthma-type recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with no further exposure can be permitted.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

Safety showers and eyewash station should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow and Safety Information for Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Based Polyisocyanates".

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

- 1. Prevent all eye and skin contact
- 2. Avoid breathing vapors; follow proper ventilation requirements
- 3. Closed container may rupture under extreme heat or when contents are exposed to water.
- 4. Can cause respiratory tract irritation.
- 5. May cause allergic respiratory reaction.
- 6. Harmful if inhaled.
- 7. May cause allergic skin reaction

SECTION X - TRANSPORTATION

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Environmentally Hazardous Substances, liquid, N.O.S. (Homopolymer of

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate)

DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION OR DIVISION: 9

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN 3082
PACKAGING GROUP: III
LABELS REQUIRED: None

SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: Controlled, D2A, D2B.

THE INFORMATION HEREIN RELATES TO THE PRODUCT NAMED AND IS BASED UPON INFORMATION International Coatings, Inc. CONSIDERS TO BE ACCURATE. NO WARRANTY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED IS INTENDED